In this paper, we consider the existence of periodic solutions for the following planar system:

\[ Ju' = \nabla H(u) + G(u) + h(t), \]

where the function \( H(u) \in C^3(\mathbb{R}^2 \setminus \{0\}, \mathbb{R}) \) is positive for \( u \neq 0 \) and positively \((q, p)\)-quasi-homogeneous of quasi-degree \( pq \), \( G : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \) is local Lipschitz and bounded, \( h \in L^\infty(0, 2\pi) \) is \( 2\pi \)-periodic and \( J \) is the standard symplectic matrix.